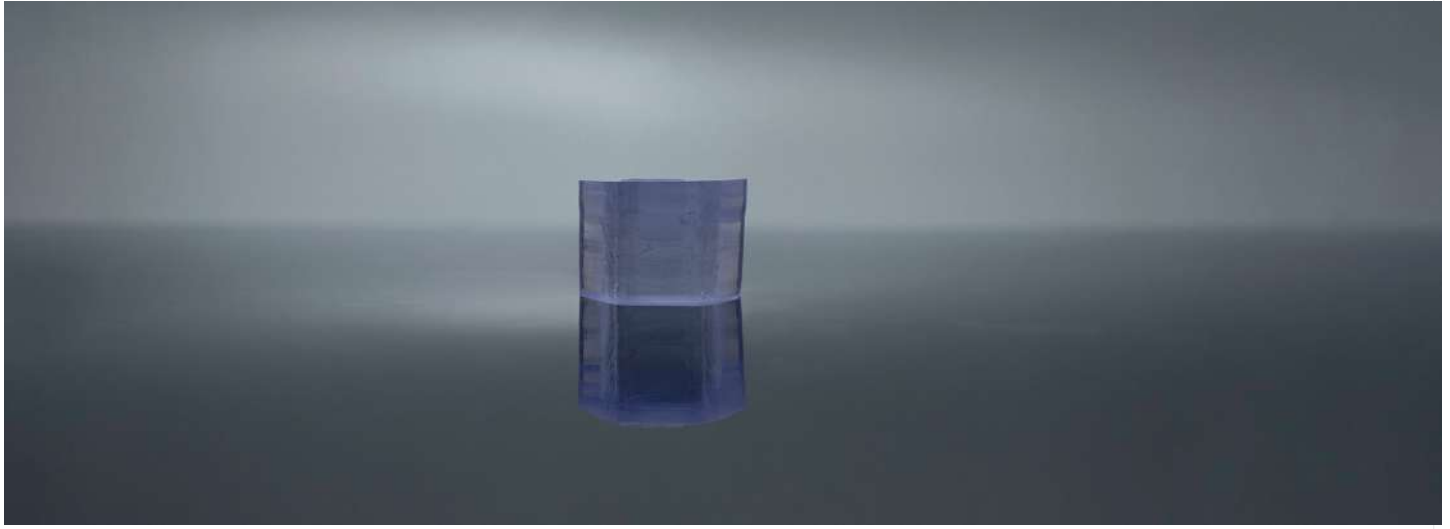


Eu:SrI₂



DESCRIPTION

Europium doped Strontium Iodide scintillation crystals are high resolution, low background crystals due to their extreme good proportionality and very high light output. The scintillator is relatively slow with a decay time of several microseconds. They are considered prospective materials for spectro-surveymeter systems because of their high light output (over 80,000 photons/MeV) and an energy resolution value of ~3% at 662 keV¹⁻⁶.

SrI₂ (SrI₂:Eu): Strontium Iodide scintillators enable high resolution gamma-ray spectroscopy because of the high light output and exceptional linearity of the material.

With the application of nuclear safety inspection technology in anti-terrorism and the continuous development of nuclear medical imaging, the requirements for light output and energy resolution of scintillation crystals are continuously improved. Security applications and nuclear non-proliferation depend on the rapid identification of highly enriched uranium, radioactive sources and other special nuclear materials. Halide crystals have been widely used as high-energy physics, nuclear medicine, safety inspection and address exploration as radiation materials since their invention in 1948. Eu:SrI₂ is expected to become a new generation of gamma scintillator due to its high light output, good energy resolution and high effective atomic number.

APPLICATIONS

- Gamma-ray spectroscopy
- Hand-held radiation detection instruments
- Scintillation detector for safety inspection equipment
- Ultra-high resolution X-ray imaging
- Spectroscopy of high energy photons

FEATURES

- Extremely high light output
- Excellent performance at both high and low energies and linearity
- Inherent low background radiation
- Nonproportional thermal dependence
- Good energy resolution
- High density



Eu:SrI₂

PARAMETERS

Material and Specifications

Chemical formula	Eu: SrI ₂
Molar mass	341.43 g/mol (anhydrous)
Appearance	Colorless to white crystalline plates
Crystal structure	Orthorhombic, oP24
Space group	Pbca, No. 61

Physical and Chemical Properties

Atomic Number (Effective)	49
Density (g/cm ³)	4.55
Melting point (°C)	538
Boiling point	1,773 °C
Hygroscopic	Yes
Atomic number (effective)	49
Thermal expansion coeff (C-1)	21.64*10 ⁻⁶
Magnetic susceptibility (χ)	-112.0*10 ⁻⁶ cm ³ /mol

Optical and Spectral Properties

Wavelength(Max. emission) (nm)	435
Wavelength range(nm)	400~480
Decay time(ns)	1200
Light yield(photons/keV)	80
Light output relative to NaI(Tl) (%)	130
Refractive index	1.85
Radiation length(cm)	1.95
Energy resolution(%)	<3
X-ray Absorption Coef. at 100 KeV(cm ⁻¹)	2.88
X-ray Absorption Coef. at 662 KeV(cm ⁻¹)	0.13
Refractive Index	2.05 @ 435nm

Spectrum

